## Access to H.E. National Programme Unit

| Unit Title: | Coordinate Geometry |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Graded Unit Code: | GA33MTH13 | Ungraded Unit Code: | UA33MTH13 |
| Pathway(s): | Computing <br> Science and Engineering <br> Construction and the Built Environment |  |  |
| Module(s): | Maths for Computing Mathematics |  |  |
| Level: | 3 | Credit Value: | 3 |
| Valid from: | $1^{\text {st }}$ August 2014 | Valid to: | 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ July 2024 |

The following QAA grade descriptors must be applied if you are delivering the graded version of this unit:

| 1 | Understanding of the subject |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | Application of skills |
| 7 | Quality |

## LEARNING OUTCOMES

## ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

The learner will:

1. Solve problems involving points represented by their Cartesian coordinates in two dimensions
2. Solve problems for straight lines represented using Cartesian coordinates

## The learner can:

1.1 Find the distance between two points from their Cartesian coordinates
1.2 Determine the Cartesian coordinates of the mid-point on a straight line connecting two points
1.3 Find the gradient of a straight line connecting two points
2.1 Convert Cartesian equations to polar form and vice versa
2.2 Represent straight lines using the forms $y$ -$y_{1}=m\left(x-x_{1}\right), a x+b y+c=0$ and $y=m x+$ c

|  | ARNING OUTCOMES | ASSESSMENT CRITERIA |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The learner will: |  | The learner can: |  |
|  |  | 2.3 | Find the distance from a point to a straight line, given the coordinates of the point and the equation of the line |
|  |  | 2.4 | Deduce from their equations whether two straight lines are parallel to each other and state the conditions for this |
|  |  | 2.5 | Deduce from their equations whether two straight lines are perpendicular to each other and state the conditions for this |
|  |  | 2.6 | Sketch lines from their Cartesian equations |
|  | Understand the representation of circles using Cartesian coordinates | 3.1 | Derive the equation of a circle from the Cartesian coordinates of its centre and its radius |
|  |  | 3.2 | Given the equation of a circle, find its centre and radius by completing the square |
|  |  | 3.3 | Find the equation of a tangent at a given point on a circle |

