Access to H.E. National Programme Unit



Unit Title:	Physical Quantities and Algebraic Methods					
Graded Unit Code:	GA33PHY18	Ungraded Unit Code:	UA33PHY18			
Pathway(s): Science and Engineering Construction and the Built Environment						
						Module(s):
	Mathematics					
Level:	3	Credit Value:	3			
Valid from:	31 st July 2021	Valid to:	31 st July 2026			

The following QAA grade descriptors must be applied if you are delivering the graded version of this unit:

1	Understanding of the subject
2	Application of knowledge
3	Application of skill
7	Quality

LEARNING OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	
The learner will:	The learner can:	
1. Understand the SI system of units for physical quantities	1.1 Identify the SI base units for mass, length, time, temperature, electric current, luminosity and amount of substance	
	1.2 Explain how the definition of some SI base units has evolved, e.g. units for mass, length and temperature	
	1.3 From first principles (using appropriate formulae) derive the units for velocity, acceleration, force (the newton), energy (the joule)	
	1.4 Represent units in standard form, e.g. ms ⁻¹	

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2.	Understand how to manipulate formulae to change the subject	2.1	Manipulate formulae to change the subject and perform calculations, e.g. rearrange $v = u + at$ to find <i>a</i> or <i>t</i> ; rearrange $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$ to find <i>a</i> or <i>u</i>
		2.2	Check the results of formula manipulation by substituting units, i.e. show that the units of the result of a rearranged formula are appropriate
3.	Know how to represent and collect the terms of units algebraically	3.1	Perform calculations including units in standard form to derive the units of the result, e.g. where $v = u + at$, $v = 2 \text{ ms}^{-1} + 3 \text{ ms}^{-2} \text{ x } 2 \text{ s} = 2 \text{ ms}^{-1} + 6 \text{ ms}^{-1} = 8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
		3.2	Perform calculations and collect the terms of units to derive the units for solutions and check the results
		3.3	Prove equalities by deriving units, e.g. prove the equality of potential energy and kinetic energy from their standard formulae